

附加數學
試卷一

二小時完卷

上午八時三十分至十時三十分

本試卷必須用英文作答

ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS
PAPER I

Two hours

8.30 a.m.—10.30 a.m.

This paper must be answered in English

Answer ALL questions in Section A and any THREE questions from Section B.

All working must be clearly shown.

SECTION A (40 marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

1. If $2^x = 10^{x+1}$, find x , giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures. (5 marks)

2. Without using tables or calculators, simplify

$$\frac{\log \sqrt[3]{4} + \log \sqrt[3]{25} - \log \sqrt[3]{9}}{\log 8 + \log 5 - \log 12}$$

(5 marks)

3. Given that $\theta = \frac{\sin kt}{3 + 2 \cos kt}$, where k is a non-zero constant,

find the value of $\frac{d\theta}{dt}$ when $t = \frac{3\pi}{2k}$.

(6 marks)

4. Express the two complex numbers $-1 - i$ and $1 - i$ in polar form.

Hence simplify $\frac{-1 - i}{(1 - i)^5}$.

(6 marks)

5. Show that the tangents to the curve $y = x^3 - 9x^2 + 30x + 4$ cannot be parallel to the x -axis.

(6 marks)

6. Given: $x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{n-1} + x^n = \frac{x(x^n - 1)}{x - 1}$,

where $x \neq 1$ and n is a positive integer. By differentiating both sides of the above identity with respect to x , find the sum

$$1 + 2x + 3x^2 + \dots + (n - 1)x^{n-2} + nx^{n-1}.$$

Hence find the value of $1 + 2(2) + 3(2)^2 + \dots + 9(2)^8 + 10(2)^9$. (6 marks)

7. Let x be a real number satisfying $|x - 2| \leq 1$. Solve the inequality and hence find the greatest value of $|x^2 - 6|$. (6 marks)

SECTION B (60 marks)

Answer any THREE questions from this section. Each question carries 20 marks.

8. A boy sits by the side of a shallow pool and plays with a radio-controlled boat. The boat starts from A in a direction which makes an angle of 45° with the side SS' of the pool, as shown in Figure 1. However, the control is not working properly. As a result, the boat moves in a straight line but with reducing speed given by

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = \sqrt{2} \left(2 - \frac{t}{30} \right),$$

where s metres is the distance covered by the boat t seconds after starting. The boat finally stops at B .

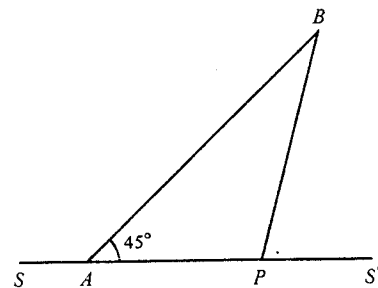


Figure 1

(a) Find the time taken by the boat to reach B . Using integration, show that the distance between A and B is $60\sqrt{2}$ m. (8 marks)

(b) To get the boat back, the boy runs from A along the side of the pool to a point P and then across the pool along PB (see Figure 1). If he can run at 5 m/s on shore and 3 m/s in water, find the least time he needs to reach the point B . (12 marks)

9. Let $f(x) \equiv x^3 - (p + 1)x^2 + (p - q)x + q$, where p and q are constants. ABC is a triangle such that $\sin A$, $\sin B$ and $\sin C$ are the three roots of the equation $f(x) = 0$.

(a) By factorising $f(x)$, deduce that $\triangle ABC$ has a right angle, and show that $q \neq 0$. (7 marks)

(b) Let R_1 and R_2 be the remainders when $f(x)$ is divided by x and $(x - p)$, respectively. If $R_1 - R_2 = \frac{2q}{p}$, find the possible values of p . Hence show that ABC is an isosceles triangle and find the value of q . (13 marks)

10. (a) Sketch the graph of $f(x) = 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x - 5$. (10 marks)

(b) The graph of a function Y defined in the interval $1 < X < 6$ passes through the points $(2, 10)$, $(3, 15)$ and $(5, 0)$. The graphs of $\frac{dY}{dX}$ and of $\frac{d^2Y}{dX^2}$ are shown in Figure 2 and Figure 3, respectively. Without finding the equation of the graph of Y :

- (i) determine the maximum and minimum points of the graph of Y ,
- (ii) sketch the graph of Y .

(10 marks)

Figure 2

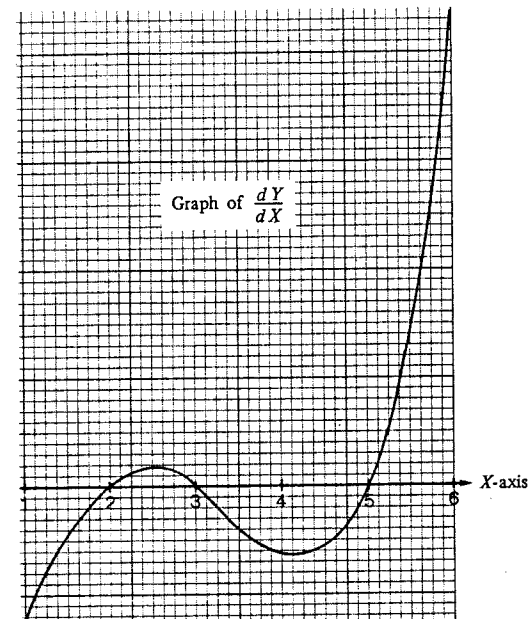
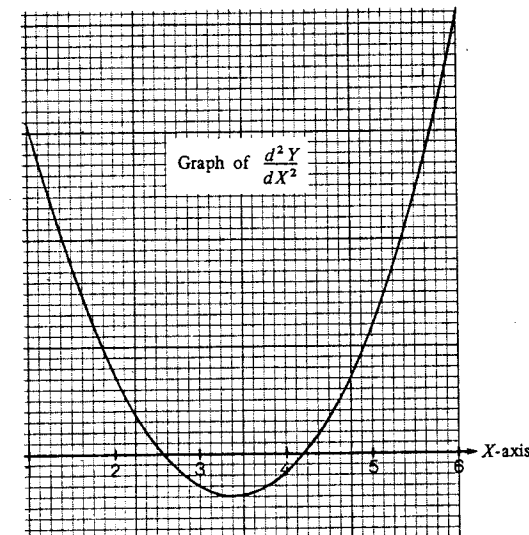


Figure 3



附加數學
試卷二

二小時完卷
上午十一時十五分至下午一時十五分
本試卷必須用英文作答

ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS
PAPER II

Two hours
11.15 a.m.—1.15 p.m.

This paper must be answered in English

Answer ALL questions in Section A and any THREE questions from Section B.

All working must be clearly shown.

11. (a) Let $|z|$ and \bar{z} denote, respectively, the modulus and conjugate of the complex number z . Show that

(i) $|z|^2 = z\bar{z}$,

(ii) the imaginary part of $z = -\frac{1}{2}i(z - \bar{z})$.

(5 marks)

(b) Let p and q be non-zero, distinct complex numbers such that $|p - q| = |p + q|$.

(i) Using the results in (a), or otherwise, show that

$$p\bar{q} + \bar{p}q = 0$$

and the imaginary part of $\frac{ip}{q} = 0$.

(ii) Let O , P and Q be three points on the Argand plane representing the complex numbers 0 , p and q , respectively. By considering the argument of $\frac{ip}{q}$, or otherwise, show that $OP \perp OQ$.

(15 marks)

12. Let λ_1 and λ_2 be the roots of the quadratic equation

$$t^2 - (b + 1)t + (b - 1) = 0 \quad \dots \quad (*)$$

where b is a real number.

(a) (i) Show that λ_1 and λ_2 are real and distinct.

(ii) By proving $(1 - \lambda_1)(1 - \lambda_2) < 0$, deduce that either $\lambda_1 < 1 < \lambda_2$ or $\lambda_2 < 1 < \lambda_1$.

(7 marks)

(b) Let λ be one of the roots of (*). Find b in terms of λ and hence express $(1 - \lambda)[(x^2 + 2x + b) - \lambda(x^2 + 1)]$ as a perfect square.

$$b = \frac{\lambda^2 - \lambda - 1}{\lambda - 1}$$

$$= [x(1 - \lambda) + 1]^2$$

(5 marks)

(c) Using the results of (a) and (b), show that if $\lambda_1 < \lambda_2$, then

$$\lambda_1 < \frac{x^2 + 2x + b}{x^2 + 1} < \lambda_2 \quad \text{for all real values of } x.$$

(8 marks)

END OF PAPER

SECTION A (40 marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

1. By using the substitution $u = \sqrt{x+9}$, or otherwise, find the indefinite integral

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+9}} dx$$

(5 marks)

2. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining $A(3, -1)$ and $B(-1, 1)$ is divided by the straight line $x - y - 1 = 0$.

(5 marks)

3. Find the general solution of the equation

$$\cos 2\theta - \sqrt{3} \cos \theta + 1 = 0.$$

(6 marks)

4. Figure 1 shows the curve

$$C: x = 2 + \sin y,$$

where $0 \leq y \leq 2\pi$. A vessel is formed by rotating OA and C about the y -axis. Find the capacity of the vessel in terms of π .

(6 marks)

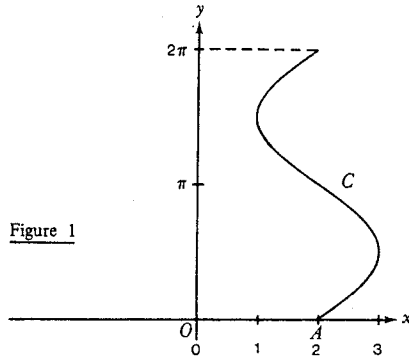


Figure 1

5. Given that $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^3 x}{\cos x + \sin x} dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos^3 x}{\cos x + \sin x} dx$. By considering the sum of these integrals, determine their common value in terms of π .

(6 marks)

6. A is the point $(3, 0)$. $P(x_1, y_1)$ is a variable point on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$. If AP is divided internally in the ratio $2 : 3$ at Q , find the equation of the locus of Q .

(6 marks)

7. In Figure 2, P and S are variable points on the line OA while Q and R are variable points on the line OB such that $PQ \perp OB$, $RS \perp OA$ and $OQ = QR$. θ is constant. Let $OP = x$.

- (a) Find the areas of $\triangle OPQ$ and $\triangle ORS$ in terms of x and θ .

- (b) If the rates of change of area (with respect to x) of the two triangles are equal, find θ .

(6 marks)

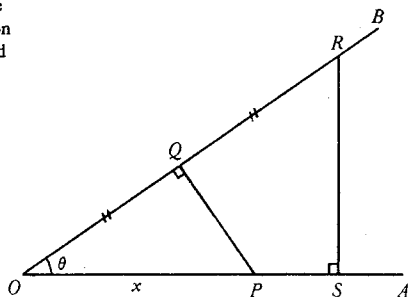


Figure 2

SECTION B (60 marks)

Answer any THREE questions from this section.

Each question carries 20 marks.

8. M is the point $(5, 6)$, L is the line $5x + 12y = 32$ and C is the circle with M as centre and touching L .

- (a) Find the equation of C . (4 marks)

- (b) Show that C also touches the y -axis. (2 marks)

- (c) Find the equation of the tangent (other than the y -axis) to C from the origin. (6 marks)

- (d) $P(2, 2)$ is a point on C . Q is another point on C such that PQ is a diameter. Find the equation of the line PQ and write down the equation of the family of circles passing through P and Q .

Hence, or otherwise, find the equation of the circle which passes through P , Q and the origin. (8 marks)

9. $P(s^2, 2s)$ and $Q(t^2, 2t)$ are distinct points on the parabola $y^2 = 4x$, where s and t are non-zero. The tangents at P and Q meet at R .

- (a) Find the equations of PR and QR and hence find the coordinates of R in terms of s and t . (6 marks)

- (b) If s and t vary such that the sum of the slopes of PR and QR is always equal to 2, show that R must lie on a straight line and find the equation of this line L . (4 marks)

- (c) Find the area of the region bounded by L and the parabola. (6 marks)

- (d) If the region in (c) is rotated about the x -axis, find the volume generated. (4 marks)

10. (a) The lines $3x - 2y - 8 = 0$ and $x - y - 2 = 0$ meet at a point P . L_1 and L_2 are lines passing through P and having slopes $\frac{1}{2}$ and 2, respectively. Find their equations. (6 marks)

- (b) A line L through the point $Q(2, 0)$ intersects L_1 and L_2 at two distinct points A and B , respectively. If the slope of L is m , show that the area of $\triangle PAB$ is

$$\frac{6(m-1)^2}{(m-2)(2m-1)}$$

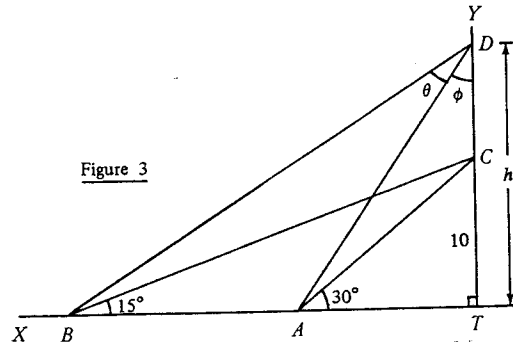
As m varies, find the equation of L such that the area of $\triangle PAB$ is a minimum.

(14 marks)

11. (a) Using the substitution $u = \cos \theta$, or otherwise, evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^3 \theta \cos^2 \theta d\theta$. (6 marks)
- (b) Given the curve $C: y = x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2}$.
- Write down the range of values of x for which y is real.
 - Find the points where C meets the x -axis.
 - Find the coordinates of those points on C at which the tangents are parallel to the x -axis. (6 marks)
- (c) Using the results in (b), sketch the curve C . (3 marks)
- (d) Using the substitution $x = \sin \theta$ and the result in (a), find the total area bounded by the curve C and the x -axis. (5 marks)

12. (a) Express $\tan 2\theta$ in terms of $\tan \theta$.
Hence find an expression for $\tan 15^\circ$ in surd form. $2 - \sqrt{3}$ (4 marks)

- (b) In Figure 3, XT is the horizontal ground and TY is a tower, perpendicular to XT . A and B are flower pots on the ground between X and T . A man ascends the tower. When he reaches a point C , at height 10 metres from the ground, he observes the angles of depression of A and B to be 30° and 15° respectively.



- Find the distance between A and B . $\frac{10}{\tan 15^\circ} - \frac{10}{\tan 30^\circ}$
- If the man continues to climb up the tower until he reaches a point D , at height h metres, such that $\angle ADB = \theta$ and $\angle ADT = \phi$, express $\tan \phi$ in terms of h and hence show that $\tan \theta = \frac{20h}{h^2 + 100(3 + 2\sqrt{3})}$. $\tan \phi = \frac{10}{h \cos 30^\circ} = \frac{10\sqrt{3}}{h}$
- Find the value of h so that AB subtends equal angles at D and C .
What is the value of h when the angle subtended by AB at D is a maximum? (16 marks)

END OF PAPER